



HOLY FAMILY HOSPITAL

Laboratory Services Okhla Road, New Delhi-110025 Phone : 011-35034000, 44020000 Email : pathology@hotyfamilyhospitaldelhi.org Web : www.hfindelhi.org



MR No / IP No : 2374696 Age/Sex : 4 Years 2 Months 2 Date Ref. Doctor : Dr.CMO Patient Type : OPD Category : General OPD ID No : _				a free work
MR No / IP No : 2374696 Age/Sex : 4 Years 2 Months 2 Da Ref. Doctor : Dr.CMO Patient Type : OPD		~		
MR No / IP No : 2374696 Age/Sex : 4 Years 2 Months 2 Da Ref. Doctor : Dr.CMO		Specimen	; BLOOD	
MR No / IP No : 2374696 Age/Sex : 4 Years 2 Months 2 Da		Bill No	: 251254867	
MR No / IP No : 2374696		Approved On	: 26/05/2025	11.55 AM
	ays / Female	Reported On	: 26/05/2025	11.52 AM
ratent name i most intermet		Collected On	: 26/05/2025	9.36 AM
Patient Name : Miss. YASHIKA		Sample No.	: 1178138	

Test Name	Result	Units	Bio.Ref.Interval
LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)			
LFT(LIVER FUNCTION TEST)			
DIRECT BILIRUBIN, serum(DIAZO)	6.95 *	mg/dl	0 - 0.2
TOTAL BILIRUBIN, serum(DPD)	11.88 *	mg/dL	0.3 - 1.2
TOTAL PROTEIN, Serum(Biuret)	5.8 *	g/dl	6.4 - 8.3
ALBUMIN, Serum(BCG)	2.4 *	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2 .
GLOBULIN,Serum(Calculated)	3.4*	g/dl	1.5 - 3.0
A/G RATIO , Serum(Calculated)	0.7.	1,	1.5 - 2.5
SGPT , Serum(UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	788	IN IN	1 - 34
SGOT, Serum(UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	2103 •	IU/I	1 - 31
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum(PNPP AMP IFCC)	268	IU/L	134 - 346

***** END OF THE REPORT



Dr. NAVNEETA MISHRA MD, BIOCHEMISTRY CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST

als

xer (

This is a computer generated report and validated electronically.

11.59 AM Printed On : 26/05/2025

1g



IF

M

HOLY FAMILY HOSPITAL

Phone: 011-35034000, 44020000

Email : administration@hfhdelhi.org, Web : www.hfhdelhi.org ____

P No	:25011809
IRNO	:2374696
ame	: Miss., YASHIKA
ae/Sex	AVIM 24 DUTE

 Age/Sex
 :4 Y 1 M 24 D/Female

 Bed/Room
 :009
 /301



DOA & TOA DOD Patient Type Doctor Name

: 18/05/2025 11:21 am : 23/05/2025 : Hospital : Dr. SONA CHOWDHARY

DISCHARGE SUMMARY

Type of Discharge : Normal Discharge

1

Co Consultant

DIAGNOSIS :-

ACUTE VIRAL HEPATITIS A

CHIEF COMPLAINTS & REASON FOR ADMISSION :-C/O FEVER X 7 DAYS H/O LOOSE STOOLS 1 WEEK BACK FOR 4-5 DAYS C/O VOMITTING FOR 7 DAYS C/O PAIN ABDOMEN FOR 7 DAYS(RUO, LUO)

CLINICAL HISTORY / PROCEDURE :-

CHILD WAS APPARENTLY WELL 16 DAYS BACK WHEN SHE DEVELOPED FEVER-TMAX OF 104.8 WITH TWO SPIKES A DAY AND THEN AFEBRILE FOR 4 DAYS IN BETWEEN NOW HAS FEVER SINCE 7 DAYS INTERMITTENT ASSOCIATED WITH CHILLS AND BURNING MICTURITION. CHILD ALSO HAS LOOSE STOOLS 1 WEEK BACK RESOLVED NOW. CHILD HAS VOMITTING 4-5 EPISODES PER DAY. CHILD HAS DECREASED ORAL INTAKE AND HIGH COLOURED URINE. HENCE ADMITTED FOR FURTHER EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT.

PAST & PERSONAL HISTORY :

Early term / LSCS / AGA / Birth Weight - 2.48 kg/ NO NICU STAY Immunization Apt date according to NIS. No H/O TB contact, asthma or drug allergy. No H/O previous hospitalization. EXAMINATION AT ADMISSION :-

LANDINATION AT ADM

GC -Average

Temp - 39.8°C RR -30 /min HR - 160/min SPO2 -99 % on Room Air Euhydrated Peripheral pulses - Well palpable

P+/ I+/ Cy- / Cl - /L- /E-

S/E : CVS - S1S2+, no murmur CNS- Conscious, Oriented Respi- B/L AE (+), clear P/A - Soft, non tender, BS (+), Liver palpable 4 cm, spleen palpable 2 cm OPERATION / PROCEURE NOTES :-

N/A

HOSPITAL COURSE & TREATMENT :-

Child was admitted with above mentioned complaints. All relevant investigations were done. Child was managed with IV fluids, INJ MONOCEF and supportive care. Child c/o multiple episodes of high grade fever which has reduced in frequency and duration over the course of hospitalization. Child c/o vomiting with loose stools which has improved since admission. Child is currently orally accepting and passing **Emergency Contact Number** :In Case of Emergency please contact our Helpline No: +91-9716832462.

Prepared By: 10154

23/05/2025 12.29 PM

Page 1 of 4

F-151



IP No

MRNO

Name

Age/Sex

Y FAMILY HOSPITAL Okhla Road, New Delhi-110025 Phone: 011-35034000, 44020000

:25011809

: Miss., YASHIKA

:4 Y 1 M 24 D/Female

/301

:2374696

Email : administration@hfhdelhi.org. Web : www.hfhdelhi.org



DOD

DISCHARGE SUMMARY

:18/05/2025 11:21 am :23/05/2025 : Hospital : Dr. SONA CHOWDHARY

Type of Discharge : Normal Discharge

1

Co Consultant

DOA & TOA

Patient Type

Doctor Name

HEV: NEGATIVE

Bed/Room :009

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN: Hepatospleenomegaly Pericholecystic edema Minimal ascites Bilateral pleural effusions In a icteric patient with deranged LFT- features are suggestive of hepatitis

REST ATTACHED

PRECAUTIONS ADVISED :-Home based dietMaintain hygieneStop outside food intakeReview SOS

DIET ADVISED :-

Home based soft diet.

MEDICATIONS ADVISED

S.N	o. Medicine Name //	Generic Name	Frequency	Co and	Route	Days	Remarks
1	JUNIOR LANZOL 15MG	ABLANSOPRAZOLE 15 MG	ONCE A DAY	& AM B	812 ORAL	7	1 TAB
2	LOOZ SOLUTION 210 ML	LACTULOSE 10 GM/15 ML 200	AT BED TIME	.15	ORAL	7	10 ML
3	CROCIN DS 240 MG/5ML 100 ML	The second se	SOS		ORAL		4.5 ML
4	BEVON SYP.200 ML.	MULTI VITAMIN SY	TWICE A DAY	9 Am- 8	ORAL	7	5 ML
PA	ATIENT WAS REFFER	E TO :-		alter 1			

FOLLOW UP VISITS :

SNO.	DoctorNm	Visit Date	Followup days	Instructions
1	PAEDIATRICIAN	26/05/2025	3	FOLLOW UP IN OPD. REPEAT LFT. FOLLOW UP WITH REPORT.

Emergency Contact Number :In Case of Emergency please contact our Helpline No: +91-9716832462.

Prepared By: 10154	23/05/2025 12.29 PM	Page 3 of 4
--------------------	---------------------	-------------



HOLY FAMILY HOSPITAL Okhla Road, New Delhi-110 025

Phone : 011-44020000, 011-35034000



and the second second second			
Patient	: Miss. YASHIKA	Order Number	: 190518623
MR No.	: 2374696	Accepted Dt & Tm	: 18/05/2025 2.14 PM
Age/Sex	:4 Years 1 Months 24Days / Female	Approved Dt &	:20/05/2025 2.40 PM
Ref. Doctor	: Dr. SONA CHOWDHARY	Bill No.	:252142357
IP	: 25011809	Approved By	Dr. RENEE G. KULKARNI
Ward/Bed	: 3WD / 301 / 009	Typist ID	: 5691
			and the second se

CHEST PA

Normal cardiac size.

Regular mediastinal contours with radiologically normal hili. Visualized lung fields and pleural spaces free of demonstrable pathology. Bony thorax / soft tissues under view radiologically normal.



paree

DR.RENEE G. KULKARNI CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST RADIOLOGIST

RADIOLOGIST

=

IP

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN

Date scanned : 19.05.2025

Liver :

Enlarged in size (13.6 cm) and normal echotexture.

Margins appear smooth. No focal lesion or intra hepatic biliary radicles dilatation seen. Portal vein is normal.

Gall bladder :

Distended with extensive pericholecystic edema noted.

No evidence of any obvious intraluminal calculus or mass lesion noted. Gall bladder wall thickness - normal.

CBD is normal (3.0 mm).

Pancreas :

Appear normal. Peripancreatic planes are defined. No obvious mass lesion or collection noted. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

Spleen : Enlarged in size (12.0 cm). No focal lesion seen.

Both kidneys :

Kidneys are normal in size, shape and axis. Show normal cortico-medullary differentiation. No evidence of hydronephrosis/calculus. Rt kidney : 73 x 32 mm. Lt kidney : 80 x 34 mm.

Urinary bladder :

Distended. No intraluminal calculus noted. Urinary bladder wall normal. Pre void volume - 30 cc.

Uterus and ovaries:

Normal for age.

Minimal free fluid seen in peritoneal cavity.

Trace of bilateral pleural effusions noted.

Impression:

- Hepatosplenomegaly.
- Pericholecystic edema.
- Minimal ascites.
- Bilateral pleural effusions

In a icteric patient with deranged LFT- features are suggestive of hepatitis.

funal

F-25 CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST RADIOLOGIST

Do UPPAL 252142805 HOLY FAMILY HOSPITAL, NEW DELHI I.P.D. F-25 B O.P.D. NUMBER SEX AGE I.P.D. NUMBER IMAGING No. X-RAY/ULTRASOUND EXAM. SC MR NO / IP NO : 2374696 / 25011809 18/05/2025 11:21 AM Name : Miss, YASHIKA Relative Name : D/O.NITIN KUMAR 518 WA Age / Sex :4Y1M24D /F Mobile: 9354975561 Bed No : 301 / 009 at 3WD - NSB Cash / Hospital Admitting Dr. : Dr.SONA CHOWDHARY DATE Co Consultant : olsins PREVIOUS IMAGING L.M.P. HISTORY, CLINICAL & LAB, DATA AND DIAGNOSIS WALKING No. Q + Probable Latente ferre. CHAIR/CARRY STRETCHER FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE PORTABLE ROUTINE URGENT S RT CONSULTANT TECH SR/JR/CMO APPT. RM FILMS 15 12 8 17

L- 13.6 entarged Dr PS CBD - 3.0 Hang GB Antid cuttos See - COD PAN - W renchry spe RK- 73×32 lola LK-80×34 SPL-12.0 enlanged & Aenopsplans UB - 30.4 × nul asta as>@ for Aze conty . soc monsinger Ff in Perstoned Try JA platethe m

TEW DELM	A REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PR	Okhla Road, New Deihi-1 Email : pathology@holyfam	atory Ser	011.35034000 44055555			HC.379
Patient Name MR No / IP No Age/Sex Ref. Doctor Ward Details	: 2 : 4 : D	Aliss. YASHIKA (374696 /25011809 Years 1 Months 24 Days / F Or.SONA CHOWDHARY WD / 301 / 009***		Bill No. Collected On Reported On Approved On	18/05 : 19/05	42317 5/2025 5/2025 5/2025	1.17 PM 9.07 AM 9.12 AM
Accept Dt San	nple No	Test Name	Result		Units	Bio.I	Ref.
18/05/2025 117	2706	LAB- SEROLOGY WIDAL		······································			
		S. TYPHI "O"	TITRE - L	ESS THAN 1:80			
		S. TYPHI "H"	TITRE - L	ESS THAN 1:80			
		S. PARATYPHI "AH"	TITRE - L	ESS THAN 1:80			
		S. PARATYPHI "BH"	TITRE - L	ESS THAN 1:80			
		SAMPLE TYPE	Serum				
3		Method : Tube Agglutina	ation				
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in	s 1:80 and above of O antige of titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually appe y till third/ fourth week after tive widal test may occur bec certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may o	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ 5.	I antibodies against nd of the first week o lecline starts. phoid vaccination or p	Typhoid and f infection i previous typ	d Paraty and incr phoid in	rease
19/05/2025 117	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV)	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ 5. cause this t in cases of in the first	I antibodies against nd of the first week o lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
19/05/2025 117	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after tive widal test may occur bec certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ 5. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE	I antibodies against nd of the first week o lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
19/05/2025 117	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The	Ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV, SERUM (ELFA)	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ 5. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE	l antibodies against nd of the first week o lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posil and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196	Ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV, SERUM (ELFA)	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE	I antibodies against nd of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
19/05/2025 117 nterpretation :	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA)	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE	I antibodies against nd of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196 Negati Equivo	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA) 	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE antibodies s repeat tes	A antibodies against ad of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection to Hepatitis A virus sting in 10-14 days	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadil 4. Posit and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196 Negati Equivo	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA) 	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE antibodies s repeat tes	A antibodies against ad of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection to Hepatitis A virus sting in 10-14 days	Typhoid and f infection of previous type mnestic read d with antib	d Paraty and incr ohoid in action) iotics in	rease fection
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadily 4. Positi and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196 Negatin Equivo positive Note 1. This 2. A po infectio	ag titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of the widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA) 	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE antibodies s repeat tes antibodies detection o or recent in	A antibodies against ad of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection to Hepatitis A virus sting in 10-14 days to Hepatitis A virus	Typhoid and f infection is previous typ mnestic read d with antib is Blood cul is Blood cul	d Paraty and incr ohold in action) iotics in ture.	rease fection the serum sample ite HAV
	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadily 4. Positi and in 5. Non 6. The early s 7. The 3196 Negative Equivories positive Note 1. This 2. A por infection 3. False rheuman present threads	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of the widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA) 	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d ause of typ s. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE antibodies antibodies antibodies detection o or recent in rved in pat ous result r	A antibodies against ad of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection to Hepatitis A virus sting in 10-14 days to Hepatitis A virus of IgM antibodies to h fection and is useful ient in presence of h may be observed in 1	Typhoid and f infection is previous typ mnestic read d with antib is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul	d Paraty and incr ohold in action) iotics in ture.	rease fection the the serum sample ite HAV ies or i due to
nterpretation :	2. Risin 3. This bacilli. steadily 4. Posil and in 5. Non 6. The early si 7. The 3196 Negative Equivores positive Note 1. This 2. A por infection 3. False rheuman present threads 4. False	ig titres are significant. test measures somatic O and The agglutinins usually apper y till third/ fourth week after of tive widal test may occur bec- certain autoimmune diseases specific febrile disease may of test may be falsely negative tages. recommended test specially HEPATITIS - A (HAV) IGM AB TO HAV , SERUM (ELFA) 	d flagellar H ar at the er which the d cause of typ 5. cause this t in cases of in the first POSITIVE antibodies s repeat tes antibodies detection o or recent in rved in pat ous result n	A antibodies against ad of the first week of lecline starts. whold vaccination or p titre to increase (ana Enteric fever treated week after infection week after infection to Hepatitis A virus sting in 10-14 days to Hepatitis A virus of IgM antibodies to h fection and is useful ient in presence of h may be observed in 1	Typhoid and f infection is previous typ mnestic read d with antib is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul is Blood cul	d Paraty and incr ohold in action) iotics in ture.	rease fection the the serum sample ite HAV ies or i due to

NOTE

All reactive samples should be confirmed by 4th generation ELISA and subsequently by PCR.

Interpretation : Test information & Interpretation:

1. Hepatitis C virus (HCV) is recognized as the cause of most cases of post-transfusion hepatitis. Laboratory testing for HCV infection usually begins by screening for the presence of HCV antibodies (anti-HCV) in serum.

2. HCV antibodies are usually not detected during the first 2 months following infection and are almost always detectable by the late convalescent stage (>6 months after onset) of infection. These antibodies do not neutralize the virus, and they do not provide immunity against this viral infection. Loss of HCV antibodies may occur several years following resolution of infection.

3. A negative screening test result does not exclude the possibility of exposure to or infection with HCV. Negative screening results in individuals with prior exposure to HCV may be due to low antibody levels that are below the limit of detection of this assay or lack of reactivity to the HCV antigens used in this assay. Patients with acute or recent HCV infections (<3 months from time of exposure) may have false-negative HCV antibody test results due to the time needed for seroconversion (average of 8 to 9 weeks). Testing for HCV RNA is recommended for detection of HCV infection in such patients.

Source: Centers for Disease control and Prevention (CDC) (www.cdc.gov/hepatitis)

19/05/2025 1173196

HBSAG RAPID TEST , SERUM (ICT) NOTE

HBS AG SPOT

NON REACTIVE

It is a rapid screening test for HBsAg. All reactive samples should be confirmed by 4th generation ELISA and subsequently by confirmatory test, if ELISA is positive.(ELISA is the preferred method for testing HBsAg. However, this test is being done by rapid method to give an earlier result, as per the request. The rapid test does not completely exclude the possibility of false positive or very rarely a negative result due to various intrinsic and extrinsic factors)

19/05/2025 1173196

HEPATITIS - E (HEV)

IGM AB TO HEV , SERUM (ELISA) NEGATIVE

Printed By: 1944

Printed On: 23/05/2025 11.55 AM

Page 2 of 9

normogen).

- Causes of prolonged APTT 1. Hemophilia A (F VIII) or Hemophilia B (F IX) 2. Deficiencies of coagulation factors in intrinsic and common pathway. 3. Presence of coagulation inhibitors

- Heparin Therapy.
 Disseminated intravascular coagulation.
- 6. Liver Disease.

LAB-CHEMISTRY2

18/05/2025	1172706	CRP			
		C REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP).SERUM (IMMUNOTURBIDIMETRIC)	2.78 *	mg/dl	0 - 0.5
18/05/2025	1172706	ELECTROLYTES			
		SODIUM , SERUM/PLASMA (ISE (INDIRECT))	128 *	mEq/l	136 - 145
		POTASSIUM , SERUM (ISE (INDIRECT))	3.93	mEq/I	3.5 - 5.1
		CHLORIDE, SERUM/PLASMA (ISE (INDIRECT))	96.0 *	mEq/I	98 - 107
		BICARBONATE, SERUM/ PLASMA (ENZYMATIC)	16.3 *	mEq/l	23 - 29
18/05/2025	1172706	LFT (LIVER FUNCTION T	EST)		
		DIRECT BILIRUBIN, SERUM (DIAZO)	3.53 *	mg/dl	0 - 0.2
		TOTAL BILIRUBIN, SERUM (DPD)	5.52 *	mg/dL	0.3 - 1.2
		TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM (BIURET)	6.6	g/dl	6.4 - 8.3
		ALBUMIN, SERUM (BCG)	3.0 *	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
		GLOBULIN,SERUM (CALCULATED)	3.6 *	g/dl	1.5 - 3.0
		A/G RATIO , SERUM (CALCULATED)	0.8 *		1.5 - 2.5
		SGPT , SERUM (UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	1212 *	10/1	1 - 34
		SGOT , SERUM (UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	2928 *	IU/I	1 - 31
		ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, SERUM (PNPP AMP IFCC)	560 *	IU/L	134 - 346
18/05/2025	1172706	UREA			
		SERUM UREA (UREASE)	20	mg/dL	13 - 43

Patient Nar		Niss, YASHIKA		Bill No.	: 2521	42317
MR No / IP Age/Sex Ref. Doctor Ward Detai	:4	: 2374696 /25011809 : 4 Years 1 Months 24 Days / Female : Dr.SONA CHOWDHARY : 3WD / 301 / 009***		Collected On Reported On Approved On	18/05/2025 1.17 PM : 18/05/2025 2.03 PM : 18/05/2025 2.04 PM	
Accept Dt	Sample No	Test Name	Result		Units	Bio.Ref.
18/05/2025	1172706	CREATININE				
		SERUM CREATININE (KINETIC JAFFE)	0.34 *		mg/dL	0.51 - 0.95
19/05/2025	1173196	ELECTROLYTES				
		SODIUM , SERUM/PLASMA (ISE (INDIRECT))	134 *		mEq/I	136 - 145
		POTASSIUM , SERUM (ISE (INDIRECT))	3.45 *		mEq/l	3.5 - 5.1
		CHLORIDE, SERUM/PLASMA (ISE (INDIRECT))	105.1		mEq/l	98 - 107
		BICARBONATE, SERUM/ PLASMA (ENZYMATIC)	20.6 *		mEq/l	23 - 29
20/05/2025	1174115	LFT (LIVER FUNCTION T	EST)			
		DIRECT BILIRUBIN, SERUM (DIAZO)	4.17 *		mg/dl	0 - 0.2
		TOTAL BILIRUBIN, SERUM	6.38 *		mg/dL	0.3 - 1.2
		TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM (BIURET)	5.7 *		g/di	6.4 - 8.3
		ALBUMIN, SERUM (BCG)	2.6 *		g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
		GLOBULIN, SERUM (CALCULATED)	3.1 *		g/dl	1.5 - 3.0
		A/G RATIO , SERUM (CALCULATED)	0.8 *			1.5 - 2.5
		SGPT , SERUM (UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	1120 *		IU/I	1 - 34
		SGOT , SERUM (UV-IFCC WITHOUT P5P)	2237 *		IU/I	1 - 31
		ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, SERUM (PNPP AMP IFCC)	370 *		IU/L	134 - 346
23/05/2025	1176035	CRP				
		C REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP),SERUM (IMMUNOTURBIDIMETRIC)	3.03 *		mg/dl	0 - 0.5
23/05/2025	1176035	LFT (LIVER FUNCTION T	EST)			
		DIRECT BILIRUBIN, SERUM (DIAZO)	4.38 *		mg/dl	0 - 0.2
		TOTAL BILIRUBIN, SERUM (DPD)	7.20 *		mg/dL	0.3 - 1.2
		TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM	6.1 *		g/dl	6.4 - 8.3
		(BIURET) ALBUMIN, SERUM (BCG)	2.5 *		g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
		GLOBULIN, SERUM (CALCULATED)	3.6 *		g/dl	1.5 - 3.0

ASI SUMMARY

NAME – MS. YASHIKA IP NO-25012620 MR NO-2374696 AGE-4 YEARS 2 MONTHS/ FEMAL DATE OF ADMISSION-28/05/2025 TIME OF ADMISSION-12.54 AM

DIAGNOSIS- ACUTE LIVER FAILURE WITH HEPATIC ENCEPHALOPATHY (STAGE 11/111) (HEPATITIS A IGM POSITIVE)

4 year 3 month old female child was admitted in Holy Family Hospital, from 18/05/25 to 23/05/25 with complaints of loose stools since 5 days, vomiting, non bilious, non projectile, non blood stained since 5 days, and pain in abdomen with yellowish discolouration of skin and selera gradually progressive since 2 days.

Work up for acute viral hepatitis showed hepatitis A IgM positive, was managed with iv fluids, inj vitamin k, lactulose, inj pantocid, inj emeset, inj cefotaxime, with serial liver function tests were done as follows: (18/05/25-23/05/23)

PT/ INR- 17.4/1.41 SGOT: 2928...2237...2371 IU/L SGPT: 1212....1120...976 IU/L D.BIL: 3.53...4.17...4.38 mg/dl T.BIL: 5.52...6.23...7.20 mg/dl

child was consious, oriented, accepting orally well, with regular bowel and bladder movements, with vomiting resolved, and fever showing a decreasing trend and was discharged on 23/05/25.

on follow up on 26/5/25, LFT deteriorated:

SGOT: 2103 IU/L SGPT: 788 IU/L D.BIL: 6.98 mg/dl T.BIL:11.88 mg/dl Gastro consultation was advised, but parents did not get it done and continued the same treatment.

After 2 days, child developed excessive irritability with breathlessness since evening of 28/5/25, for which was brought of HIFH, emergency, was admitted in IPCU. on admission child was found to be lethargic, P +/I++/C-/C-/L-/E-CNS- GCS- M5V2E3, with b/l pupils reactive to light. DTR- brisk 2+ b/l knee reflex CVS- S1S2 +, no murmer R/S- Air entry reduced over right axillary region. P/A- liver 5 cm palpale, firm, below costal margins with liver span 14.2 cm , spleen not palpable, abdomen distention- moderate asches. BS + Initial blood gas showed- pH- 7.45/PC O2-32/Lactates- 11.0/heo3- 22.2) PT/ INR- 85.3/6.97 SGOT: 1569 IU/L SGPT: 741 IU/L D.BIL: 8.04 mg/dI L.BIL:14.12 mg/dI

ATTON REAMER AND		Okhia Road New Dathi	ratory Se	IOSPITAL rvices : 011-35034000, 44020000 org: Web : www.httrdeihi.org		
Patient Name MR No / IP No Age/Sex		ts. YASHIKA 374696 /25012620		Bill No.	: 2521509 28/05/20	
Ref. Doctor Ward Details	. 0	Years 2 Months 4 Days / For SONA CHOWDHARY		Reported On Approved On	: 28/05/20	25 6.06 AM
Accept Dt San	ple No	Test Name	Result		Units E	Bio.Ref.
28/05/2025 117	9616	LAB-CHEMISTRY1 APTT	1.2			
		CONTROL PLASMA	30.2		SECONDS	
		APTT, CITRATE PLASMA (TURBIDIMETRIC)	53.5 *		SECONDS	25.2 - 35.2
		REMARK		FRECHECKED WITH		
nterpretation :	APTT is kininog fibrinog	a measure of coagulation t len, prekallikrein, F IX and F gen).		stante anthrony /F VII	F XI, high mole , F V, prothron	ecular weight nbin and
28/05/2025	2. Defi 3. Pres 4. Hep 5. Diss 6. Live	of prolonged APTT ophilia A (F VIII) or Hemoph ciencies of coagulation fact ence of coagulation inhibito arin Therapy. eminated intravascular coa r Disease.	ors in intrir ors	() Isic and common path	way.	
28/05/2025 117	9616	PT (PROTHROMBIN TH	ME)			
		MEAN NORMAL PROTHROMBIN TIME	12.0		SECONDS	
		PT VALUE, CITRATE PLASMA (TURBIDIMETRIC	85.3 * C)		SECONDS	10.4 - 13.6
		I N R (CALCULATED)	6.97 *			0.87 - 1.13
		REMARK		T RECHECKED WITH		
nterpretation :	PT ass and fib	ess coagulation factors in e prinogen).			mon pathway	(F X, FV, prothromb
	For pa	the parameter of choice in eutic range varies with the tient on oral anticoagulant nical valve replacement (IN	disease ar therapy (IN	id treatment intensity. IR 2.0 to 3.0).	coagulant the	rapy. Appropriate
		s of prolonged PT atment with oral anticoagul r disease.	lants.			
	2. Live 3. Vita 4. Diss	min K deficiency. eminated intravascular coa rited deficiency of factors		and common pathwa	у.	
	2. Live 3. Vita 4. Diss	min K deficiency. eminated intravascular coa		and common pathwa	у.	
28/05/2025 117	2. Live 3. Vita 4. Diss 5. Inhe	min K deficiency. eminated intravascular coa crited deficiency of factors		and common pathwa	у.	

2